NEWBORN BLOODSPOT SCREENING?



Every baby born in North Dakota is required by state law to complete the newborn bloodspot screening test, which is a simple blood test that identifies nearly 50 disorders.



Babies with these disorders may look and act like a healthy newborn, but may have a medical condition that could cause serious illness, disability or death.



There is treatment available for the disorders screened and most babies who are identified early can grow up to be healthy.



To see a complete listing of all the conditions included on the newborn screening panel, visit the North Dakota Newborn Screening Program website.

Call or visit the North Dakota Newborn Screening Program for more information. 1.800.472.2286 | 701.328.4532 | ndhealth.gov/newbornscreening



All babies benefit from newborn screening. To optimize your baby's health and meet the state requirement, ask your health care provider to screen your baby within 24-48 hours after birth. For information on where to receive testing for babies born outside of the hospital, call the Newborn Screening Program or check the website for a facility near you.





NEWBORN BLOODSPOT SCREENING, STEP-BY-STEP



CONGRATULATIONS, **BABY IS BORN!**







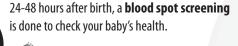




At the lab, special equipment tests the blood spots. Your baby's blood is tested for nearly 50 disorders.



Your health care provider will give you the results when they are available.





A few drops of blood are taken from baby's heel and placed on a blood spot card and sent to a State Lab for testing.

NORMAL RESULTS

If everything looks ok, the results are sent to your baby's health care provider. Ask for your baby's results at the first newborn visit!

ABNORMAL RESULTS

If there might be a problem, the lab will call your baby's health care provider. Screening can only tell if your baby **MIGHT** have a health problem; we won't know for sure until your baby has more testing. Your baby's health care provider will talk to you about what needs to

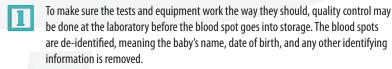
By law, newborn screening is

required; however, you may refuse

the testing by completing a refusal

form, which can be found on the

WHAT HAPPENS TO BLOOD SPOT CARDS?





After testing, the dried blood spot cards are returned to the North Dakota Department of Health and are stored at a secure location in North Dakota. The blood spot cards are destroyed after your child turns 18 years old.



Newborn Screening Program website. Families may benefit from having their baby's blood spot card stored. If a child gets sick, the blood spot can give an idea if something at birth made the child sick. A blood spot may also be used to identify a missing or deceased child or if the parents request information for future pregnancies.



If you would like your baby's blood spot card returned to you and not be stored, please complete a request form that can be found on the Newborn Screening Program website or ask your health care provider for more details. Storage, destruction and further testing would be your responsibility if the card is returned to you.



No research will be done on your baby's blood spot without your written consent.

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A KEEPSAKE FOR YOU & YOUR BABY

Baby's Name Baby's Due Date __ a.m./p.m. Weight _____ Mother's Health Care Provider . Baby's Health Care Provider . Newborn Screening Done Date of Test __

> Ask for your baby's newborn screening results at your first newborn visit with your health care provider!

CONTACT US: @ [] [] []



Email: NBS@nd.gov Phone: 1.800.472.2286 or 701.328.4532







DEPARTMENT of **HEALTH**

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Website: ndhealth.gov/newbornscreening